

# 10 Lines On Mahatma Hansraj In English

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April 25, 2025

## 10 LINES ON MAHATMA HANSRAJ IN ENGLISH



Read 10 lines on Mahatma Hansraj in English to learn about his remarkable contributions to education, social reforms, and his pivotal role in shaping modern India. Discover how his values of truth, simplicity, and dedication continue to inspire generations.”

Have you ever heard of Mahatma Hansraj, the man who changed the face of education in India? If not, it's time to learn about this inspiring figure who gave his entire life to serve others. Mahatma Hansraj was a great teacher, thinker, and social reformer. He believed that real progress begins with good education.

Born on April 19, 1864, in Punjab, Mahatma Hansraj was deeply inspired by Swami Dayanand Saraswati, the founder of the Arya Samaj. At a time when India was under British rule, he took bold steps to promote Indian culture, values, and language through education.

He became the first principal of the Dayanand Anglo-Vedic (DAV) School in Lahore. What's amazing is that he worked for 25 years in that school without taking a single rupee as salary.

Today, there are over 900 DAV institutions in India, all following the path he laid down. His efforts helped thousands of students, especially from poor families, get a good education. Mahatma Hansraj proved that one person can bring big change if they are dedicated. Let's explore 10 simple lines that tell us why Mahatma Hansraj is still remembered with respect and love.

# Interesting Facts about Mahatma Hansraj

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## Pioneer of Modern Education in India

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Mahatma Hansraj was a key figure in the Dayanand Anglo-Vedic (DAV) Movement, which aimed to blend Vedic values with modern scientific education.

## Founder Principal of DAV School

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He became the first principal of the first DAV School in Lahore (now in Pakistan) in 1886 and served without taking a salary for 25 years.

## Disciple of Swami Dayanand Saraswati

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He was a staunch follower of Swami Dayanand Saraswati, the founder of the Arya Samaj, and worked to implement his educational and social reforms.

## Advocate of Women's Education

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Mahatma Hansraj was ahead of his time and strongly advocated for women's education and the upliftment of society through knowledge.

## Promoter of Nationalism and Moral Education

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His work was instrumental in promoting patriotism, moral values, and Indian cultural heritage through the DAV institutions.

## Famous Quote of Mahatma Hansraj

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**“The pen is mightier than the sword.”**

(He often emphasized the power of education and knowledge in shaping society.)

While this quote is widely attributed to others (such as Edward Bulwer-Lytton), Hansraj is known to have embraced this idea in his mission.

## Real Name of Mahatma Hansraj

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**Real Name:** Lala Hansraj

He was honored with the title “Mahatma” (meaning “great soul”) for his selfless service and contributions to education and society.

Mahatma Hansraj was a great educationist and social reformer who played a key role in the revival of Indian culture and values through education. He was the first principal of Dayanand Anglo-Vedic (DAV) School and devoted his life to the upliftment of society.

1. Mahatma Hansraj was born on April 19, 1864, in Punjab, India.
2. He was deeply influenced by the teachings of Swami Dayanand Saraswati.

3. He became the first principal of the first DAV School in Lahore in 1886.
4. He served as principal for 25 years without taking any salary.
5. Mahatma Hansraj strongly promoted Vedic education blended with modern learning.
6. He was known for his simplicity, discipline, and dedication to education.
7. He also worked actively for the upliftment of women and the underprivileged.
8. Under his leadership, the DAV movement spread rapidly across India.
9. His life inspired generations to work selflessly for the nation.
10. Mahatma Hansraj's legacy lives on through hundreds of DAV institutions today.

[See also Great 10 Lines About Chipko Movement In English](#)

## **100-Word Essay on Mahatma Hansraj**

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Mahatma Hansraj was a prominent Indian educationist and social reformer. He was born in 1864 in Punjab and was a staunch follower of Swami Dayanand Saraswati and the Arya Samaj movement. Mahatma Hansraj dedicated his life to promoting Vedic education and uplifting Indian society.

In 1886, he became the first headmaster of DAV (Dayanand Anglo-Vedic) School in Lahore and served without pay for many years. His selfless service laid the foundation for the widespread DAV education network.

Through education and reform, he inspired generations and left a lasting legacy. His life remains a beacon of dedication and service.

## **150-Word Essay on Mahatma Hansraj**

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Mahatma Hansraj was an influential educationist, reformer, and ardent supporter of the Arya Samaj movement. Born in 1864 in Punjab, he was deeply inspired by Swami Dayanand Saraswati's call for social and religious reform.

In 1886, Hansraj became the first principal of the Dayanand Anglo-Vedic (DAV) School in Lahore and served without accepting a salary for 25 years, demonstrating his deep commitment to education and service.

He believed in combining traditional Vedic values with modern education to empower Indian youth. Under his guidance, the DAV movement expanded rapidly, creating a network of schools and colleges across India.

Mahatma Hansraj also worked towards eliminating social evils like caste discrimination and untouchability. His tireless efforts helped uplift society and promote equality.

Mahatma Hansraj's legacy continues to live on through the DAV institutions, which carry forward his vision of a modern, educated, and morally strong India. His life is a true example of selfless service and reform.

## **200-Word Essay on Mahatma Hansraj**

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Mahatma Hansraj was a visionary educationist and social reformer, known for his immense contribution to Indian education and society. Born on April 19, 1864, in Punjab, he was deeply influenced by Swami Dayanand Saraswati and the principles of the Arya Samaj. He believed in the power of education as a means to uplift society and promote national consciousness.

In 1886, Mahatma Hansraj co-founded the first Dayanand Anglo-Vedic (DAV) School in Lahore. He became the first principal and served in this role without drawing any salary for over two decades.

His aim was to create a system of education that combined ancient Vedic knowledge with modern scientific learning. He believed that education should build character and prepare individuals to serve society selflessly.

Mahatma Hansraj was also a strong advocate of women's education and worked against social evils such as untouchability, caste discrimination, and superstition. His philosophy emphasized equality, discipline, moral values, and national pride.

The DAV institutions he helped establish have become one of the largest private educational networks in India, carrying forward his vision to this day. His simple lifestyle, humility, and tireless service earned him the title "Mahatma" — the great soul. Mahatma Hansraj's legacy continues to inspire educators and reformers across India.

### **300-Word Essay on Mahatma Hansraj**

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Mahatma Hansraj, a great educationist and reformer, played a crucial role in shaping the educational and social landscape of India. He was born on April 19, 1864, in Punjab, in a society plagued by social evils and colonial domination.

See also [10 Lines On Quit India Movement In English](#)

Deeply influenced by the teachings of Swami Dayanand Saraswati and the Arya Samaj movement, Hansraj dedicated his life to the cause of education and social upliftment.

In 1886, he co-founded the first Dayanand Anglo-Vedic (DAV) School in Lahore. He became its first principal and, in a remarkable act of dedication, served without taking a salary for 25 years.

His vision was to provide an education that balanced ancient Indian culture and moral teachings with modern scientific knowledge. This model of education aimed not just at academic growth but at character development, social responsibility, and national pride.

Hansraj was not only an educator but also a committed reformer. He strongly opposed the caste system, child marriage, untouchability, and superstitions. He was a strong advocate of women's rights and believed that empowering women through education was essential for national progress.

Under his leadership, the DAV movement grew into a massive educational network that today includes hundreds of schools and colleges across India. These institutions have played a major role in educating millions of students and instilling values of discipline, patriotism, and service.

Hansraj lived a simple and humble life, embodying the values he preached. His selfless service and lifelong commitment to education and reform earned him the title “Mahatma.” He passed away in 1938, but his legacy lives on through the DAV institutions and the values they continue to uphold.

## **500-Word Essay on Mahatma Hansraj**

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Mahatma Hansraj was a pioneering educationist, social reformer, and one of the most prominent leaders of the Arya Samaj movement in India. Born on April 19, 1864, in Bajwara, Punjab, Hansraj was raised in a deeply religious and culturally aware environment.

Influenced by the progressive ideas of Swami Dayanand Saraswati, he became a firm believer in the principles of the Arya Samaj, which advocated a return to Vedic values, social reform, and the upliftment of Indian society through education.

One of Hansraj’s most enduring contributions was the establishment of the Dayanand Anglo-Vedic (DAV) School in Lahore in 1886. He became its first principal and served in this role without taking a salary for 25 years.

His vision was to provide an education that balanced ancient Indian culture and moral teachings with modern scientific knowledge. He believed education should not only focus on academics but also foster character, social responsibility, and national pride.

Hansraj was not only an educator but also a committed reformer. He strongly opposed the caste system, child marriage, untouchability, and superstitions. He was a strong advocate of women’s rights and believed that empowering women through education was essential for national progress. His efforts helped bring awareness and change to a deeply conservative society.

Under his leadership, the DAV movement grew into a massive educational network that today includes hundreds of schools and colleges across India. These institutions have played a major role in educating millions of students and instilling values of discipline, patriotism, and service. His reforms have had a lasting impact on the Indian educational system.

Hansraj lived a simple and humble life, embodying the values he preached. His selfless service and lifelong commitment to education and reform earned him the title “Mahatma.” He passed away in 1938, but his legacy lives on through the DAV institutions and the values they continue to uphold.

## **5 Lines on Mahatma Hansraj**

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1. Mahatma Hansraj was a prominent Indian educator and a key figure in the DAV (Dayanand Anglo-Vedic) movement.
  2. He was the first principal of the first DAV School in Lahore, where he worked for 25 years without salary.
  3. A devoted disciple of Swami Dayanand Saraswati, he promoted Vedic values and modern education.
  4. Hansraj strongly advocated for women's education and played a crucial role in India's educational reforms.
  5. He was honored with the title "Mahatma" for his contributions to society and education.

See also [Top 10 Lines On Homi J Bhabha In English](#)

## Essay on Mahatma Hansraj

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**Mahatma Hansraj** was an eminent educationist, philanthropist, and social reformer who played a crucial role in the development of modern education in India.

Born as **Lala Hansraj** in 1864, he was a disciple of **Swami Dayanand Saraswati** and a key member of the **Arya Samaj** movement. His dedication to education and social reforms led him to become the first principal of the first **DAV School in Lahore** in 1886, where he worked selflessly for 25 years.

Mahatma Hansraj's educational philosophy was based on the blending of **Vedic principles** and **modern scientific knowledge**. He believed that true education must not only provide intellectual growth but also moral and spiritual development.

His advocacy for **women's education** and social upliftment was revolutionary for his time. He was also known for promoting **patriotism** and the **values of Indian culture** through his educational institutions.

Through his efforts, the **DAV Schools** grew into a vast network of institutions, significantly shaping India's education system. Mahatma Hansraj passed away in **1938**, leaving behind a legacy of educational reforms, values, and an enduring impact on Indian society.

## Mahatma Hansraj's Death

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Mahatma Hansraj passed away in **1938**. His death marked the end of an era of tireless work in the field of education, but his legacy continues through the numerous **DAV schools** that carry forward his vision of education, blending modern learning with traditional values.

## Mahatma Hansraj Organizations Founded

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Mahatma Hansraj played an instrumental role in the establishment of the **Dayanand Anglo-Vedic (DAV) Schools**. These institutions were founded with the goal of providing quality education while integrating the teachings of the **Arya Samaj**.

The first DAV school was established in **Lahore** in 1886, and it rapidly grew into a network of schools across India, which today have become one of the largest educational organizations in the country.

## Mahatma Hansraj Photo

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Source: Hansraj College

## Mahatma Hansraj Quotes in English

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Here are a few inspiring quotes associated with Mahatma Hansraj:

- **“The pen is mightier than the sword.”**  
(This quote reflects his belief in the power of knowledge and education in shaping society.)
- **“Education is the foundation of all progress.”**  
(He believed that the key to national development was through education.)
- **“True education must be for the benefit of society and the upliftment of the individual.”**

## When was Mahatma Hansraj Born?

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Mahatma Hansraj was born on **April 19, 1864**, in **Kangra, Himachal Pradesh**, India.

## Wrap Up

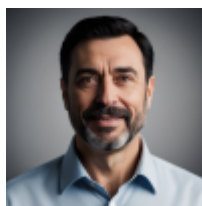
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Mahatma Hansraj was not a king, nor a famous ruler. But his work has left a stronger mark than many leaders. He lived a simple life. He believed in hard work, honesty, and service. He never chased fame or money. Instead, he gave everything he had to improve the lives of others through education.

The schools and colleges started by him are still growing today. Every student who studies in a DAV school is part of his dream. He proved that education can change the future of a country. His efforts made it possible for many poor children to learn and grow. He also supported women’s education at a time when very few thought it was important.

Even after so many years, Mahatma Hansraj’s ideas still guide us. He is a true example of selfless service and dedication. He showed us how one person can light the path for thousands. His life is a message—live simply, think deeply, and serve others.

If you want to make a difference in the world, follow the footsteps of Mahatma Hansraj. His story teaches us that good work always lives on, even after we are gone. His name will always be remembered with pride.



### Alberto Robino

Alberto Robino is a passionate content creator who specializes in sharing concise, insightful, and engaging 10-line facts on a variety of topics. With a love for simplifying complex ideas, he enjoys providing quick, digestible information to help people learn fast.