10 Lines On Narendra Modi In English

Read 10 Lines on Narendra Modi In English to learn about India's Prime Minister in a simple and informative format, great for students and kids.

Who is Narendra Modi, and why is he so popular in India and around the world?

Narendra Modi is the Prime Minister of India. He became Prime Minister in 2014 and was re-elected in 2019 with a big majority. He is known for his strong speeches and bold decisions. Born on September 17, 1950, in a small town in Gujarat, Modi came from a poor family. He even helped his father sell tea as a child.

Modi joined the Rashtriya Swayamsevak Sangh (RSS) when he was young. Later, he became a leader in the Bharatiya Janata Party (BJP). He served as the Chief Minister of Gujarat from 2001 to 2014. Many people praised his work there, especially his focus on development.

Under his leadership as Prime Minister, India has launched big projects like Swachh Bharat (Clean India), Make in India, and Digital India. He also focused on improving India's global image. In 2014, Modi became the first Indian Prime Minister born after independence.

Today, millions follow him on social media. In fact, he is one of the most followed world leaders online. Many people see him as a symbol of hard work, discipline, and strong leadership.

Who is the short note of Narendra Modi?

Narendra Modi is the 14th and current Prime Minister of India, serving since May 2014. Born on September 17, 1950, in Vadnagar, Gujarat, he was previously the Chief Minister of Gujarat from 2001 to 2014.

Modi is a member of the Bharatiya Janata Party (BJP) and the Rashtriya Swayamsevak Sangh (RSS). Known for his economic reforms, strong leadership, and digital initiatives, Modi has played a major role in shaping modern Indian politics.

How to write an essay on Narendra Modi?

Steps to Write an Essay:

- **Introduction:** Start with who Narendra Modi is and his position.
- **Early Life:** Briefly mention his background, birthplace, and education.
- **Political Career:** Talk about his time as Gujarat's Chief Minister and rise to Prime Minister.
- **Major Contributions:** Discuss initiatives like *Swachh Bharat Abhiyan*, *Digital India*, *Make in India*, and his foreign policy efforts.
- **Leadership Style:** Mention his leadership qualities, public speaking skills, and public image.
- **Conclusion:** Summarize his impact on India and his significance in Indian politics.

What has Modi done for India?

Key Contributions:

- **Swachh Bharat Mission:** A nationwide sanitation campaign to eliminate open defecation.
- **Digital India:** Promoted digital infrastructure and services.
- **Make in India:** Boosted manufacturing to increase employment.
- **GST Implementation:** Rolled out the Goods and Services Tax for a unified tax system.
- **Abrogation of Article 370:** Removed special status for Jammu & Kashmir.
- **Welfare Schemes:** Launched *Ujjwala Yojana*, *Jan Dhan Yojana*, *Ayushman Bharat*, and others.
- **Foreign Policy:** Strengthened global ties with major world powers.

Did Modi have a wife?

Yes. Narendra Modi was married to **Jashodaben Narendrabhai Modi**, a retired school teacher. They have been estranged for most of their lives, and Modi has publicly acknowledged the marriage in his election documents.

Who is the success PM of India?

If you mean **"successful"** Prime Minister:

- Many consider **Narendra Modi** one of the most influential PMs due to his long tenure and major reforms.
- Historically, **Jawaharlal Nehru**, **Indira Gandhi**, and **Atal Bihari Vajpayee** are also viewed as successful leaders for their significant roles in shaping India.

Narendra Modi, the 14th Prime Minister of India, is known for his strong leadership and transformative vision. Rising from humble beginnings, he has become one of the most influential political figures in the world.

1. Narendra Modi was born on September 17, 1950, in Vadnagar, Gujarat.
2. He began his career as a tea seller and rose to become the Prime Minister of India.
3. Modi served as the Chief Minister of Gujarat from 2001 to 2014.
4. He led the Bharatiya Janata Party (BJP) to a historic majority in the 2014 and 2019 general elections.
5. Under his leadership, major initiatives like Swachh Bharat and Digital India were launched.
6. He is known for his strong stance on national security and economic reforms.
7. Modi is widely praised for his oratory skills and mass connect with people.
8. He has strengthened India's global image through active diplomacy and foreign policy.
9. Modi has a deep interest in yoga and promotes it globally as a lifestyle.
10. He continues to shape the future of India with a focus on development, innovation, and self-reliance.

How to write an essay about the Prime Minister?

Structure:

- **Introduction:** Mention who the current Prime Minister is and the importance of the role.
- **Early Life:** Brief background of the PM (name, birthplace, education).
- **Political Journey:** Major steps in their political career.
- **Achievements:** Key contributions, policies, reforms.
- **Leadership Style:** What makes them stand out?
- **Conclusion:** Summarize their impact and importance.

> **Tip:** Keep it factual, balanced, and structured logically.

How to write an essay about India?

Structure:

- **Introduction:** General overview—India is a diverse, democratic, and culturally rich country.
- **Geography and Diversity:** Its states, languages, religions, and festivals.

- **History and Freedom Struggle:** Brief mention of colonial rule and independence in 1947.
- **Achievements:** Science, technology, economy, space, sports.
- **Challenges:** Poverty, pollution, education, etc.
- **Conclusion:** A hopeful note on India's bright future.

See also 10 Lines on Dr. Salim Ali in English

How do I write to the Prime Minister of India?

Steps to Write a Letter

- **Format:** Use formal language.
- **Salutation:** "Respected Prime Minister" or "Hon'ble Prime Minister of India".
- **Body:** Clearly state your concern, suggestion, or appreciation.
- **Closing:** Thank them and add your name and contact details.

Example Opening

Respected Prime Minister,

I am writing to express my concern about the rising pollution in our cities…

Send via

- **MyGov website**: https://www.mygov.in/
- Or post to:
  Prime Minister's Office, South Block, Raisina Hill, New Delhi – 110011, India

What will I do if I become Prime Minister essay?

Structure

- **Introduction:** Express the honor and responsibility of being PM.
- **Plans for India:**
  - Improve education and healthcare.
  - Create more jobs.
  - Fight corruption.
  - Protect the environment.
  - Promote equality and justice.
- **Vision:** Describe the kind of India you'd like to create.
- **Conclusion:** Say how you'd work hard to serve the people.

Example line

"If I become the Prime Minister of India, my first goal will be to ensure that every child gets a quality education."

20 Lines About Narendra Modi (in English)

1. Narendra Modi is the current and 14th Prime Minister of India.
2. He was born on **17th September 1950** in **Vadnagar**, Gujarat.
3. Modi comes from a humble background and helped his father sell tea.
4. He is a member of the **Bharatiya Janata Party (BJP)**.
5. He was the **Chief Minister of Gujarat** from 2001 to 2014.
6. Modi became Prime Minister of India in **May 2014**.
7. He is known for his strong leadership and public speaking.
8. He launched major schemes like **Swachh Bharat Abhiyan**.
9. His **Digital India** campaign helped increase internet access.
10. Modi also introduced the **Make in India** initiative.
11. He led reforms like the **Goods and Services Tax (GST)**.
12. Modi worked to improve India's image globally.
13. Under his leadership, **Article 370** in Kashmir was abrogated.
14. He launched **Ayushman Bharat**, a health insurance scheme.
15. Modi's foreign visits have strengthened India's ties worldwide.
16. He encourages yoga and promotes it internationally.
17. His lifestyle is simple and disciplined.
18. Modi is also active on social media platforms.
19. He has received numerous national and international honors.
20. Narendra Modi is one of the most influential leaders in the world.

Narendra Modi Essay – 100 Words

Narendra Modi is the 14th Prime Minister of India, born on 17 September 1950 in Vadnagar, Gujarat. He comes from a humble background and worked hard to rise in politics.

He was the Chief Minister of Gujarat from 2001 to 2014 and became the Prime Minister in 2014. Modi launched major schemes like Swachh Bharat, Digital India, and Make in India. He is known for his strong leadership and effective communication.

Under his leadership, India has gained global recognition. Narendra Modi continues to inspire millions with his dedication and commitment to the nation.

Narendra Modi Essay – 150 Words

Narendra Modi is one of the most prominent political leaders in India. Born on 17 September 1950 in Vadnagar, Gujarat, he belonged to a modest family. In his early life, he helped his father sell tea and later joined politics through the Rashtriya Swayamsevak Sangh (RSS).

He became the Chief Minister of Gujarat in 2001 and remained in office until 2014. Modi became the Prime Minister of India in 2014 and was re-elected in 2019.

As Prime Minister, he launched key initiatives like Swachh Bharat Abhiyan, Digital India, Jan Dhan Yojana, and Make in India. He also played a significant role in improving India's foreign relations.

Modi's leadership is often praised for economic reforms and strong governance. He is a great orator and connects well with the masses. Narendra Modi remains a symbol of hard work, discipline, and national pride.

Narendra Modi Essay – 200 Words

Narendra Modi is the current and 14th Prime Minister of India. He was born on 17 September 1950 in Vadnagar, a small town in Gujarat. Coming from a poor family, he helped his father sell tea at a railway station. Despite many struggles, Modi never gave up and worked hard to enter public service.

He began his political journey with the Rashtriya Swayamsevak Sangh (RSS) and later joined the Bharatiya Janata Party (BJP). He served as the Chief Minister of Gujarat from 2001 to 2014. His development model in Gujarat brought him national attention, and he was elected as the Prime Minister in 2014. He was re-elected with a bigger mandate in 2019.

Under his leadership, many schemes were introduced, such as Swachh Bharat Abhiyan, Digital India, Ujjwala Yojana, and Ayushman Bharat. He also worked to strengthen India's image globally. Modi is known for his strong decisions, including demonetization and the abrogation of Article 370.

Narendra Modi is admired for his dedication, simplicity, and strong leadership. He is considered one of the most influential political figures in modern Indian history.

Narendra Modi Essay – 300 Words

Narendra Damodardas Modi is the 14th and current Prime Minister of India. He was born on 17 September 1950 in Vadnagar, Gujarat. Coming from a humble family, he worked with his father at a tea stall during his childhood. Despite financial hardships, he pursued his education and developed an early interest in public service and leadership.

Modi joined the Rashtriya Swayamsevak Sangh (RSS) and later the Bharatiya Janata Party (BJP). He became the Chief Minister of Gujarat in 2001 and served for over 12 years. His leadership and development-oriented governance earned him national recognition.

In 2014, Narendra Modi became the Prime Minister of India and was re-elected in 2019 with a bigger majority. As Prime Minister, he has implemented several landmark schemes including Swachh Bharat Abhiyan (Clean India Mission), Digital India, Make in India, Ujjwala Yojana, and Ayushman Bharat.

See also 10 Lines On Bankim Chandra Chatterjee

These initiatives have aimed at improving sanitation, healthcare, employment, and digital access for millions of Indians.

He is also credited with bold decisions like demonetization and the abrogation of Article 370, which removed the special status of Jammu and Kashmir. On the global stage, Modi has enhanced India's foreign relations through numerous international visits and agreements.

Modi is known for his energetic leadership, effective communication skills, and focus on nationalism. He promotes Indian culture, yoga, and values on global platforms. Despite criticism on certain policies, his popularity remains high among a large section of Indians.

Narendra Modi's life is a story of determination, discipline, and dedication. He continues to shape the future of India with a strong vision and leadership.

Narendra Modi Essay – 500 Words

Narendra Modi is the 14th and current Prime Minister of India, serving since May 2014. He was born on **17th September 1950** in **Vadnagar**, a small town in Gujarat.

Modi comes from a modest background—his father was a tea seller, and young Narendra helped him at the railway station. Despite facing economic hardships, Modi showed an early interest in public life and leadership.

He joined the **Rashtriya Swayamsevak Sangh (RSS)** in his youth and later became an active member of the **Bharatiya Janata Party (BJP)**. In 2001, he became the Chief Minister of Gujarat and served for over 12 years. During his tenure, Gujarat saw considerable development in infrastructure, business, and governance.

In 2014, Narendra Modi led the BJP to a historic victory and became the **Prime Minister of India**. His governance style focuses on efficiency, transparency, and development. Some of the key initiatives launched under his leadership include:

- **Swachh Bharat Abhiyan** – A nationwide campaign for cleanliness and sanitation.
- **Digital India** – A mission to improve internet access, digital literacy, and e-governance.
- **Make in India** – To boost manufacturing and generate employment.
- **Ujjwala Yojana** – Providing free LPG connections to poor households.
- **Ayushman Bharat** – A health insurance scheme for economically weaker sections.
- **Jan Dhan Yojana** – To increase financial inclusion and open bank accounts for the unbanked population.

Modi is also known for bold decisions like **demonetization** in 2016 and the **abrogation of Article 370**, which removed the special status of Jammu & Kashmir. He has strengthened India's foreign relations and represents India on global platforms confidently.

He is a powerful orator, often delivering motivational speeches. Modi lives a disciplined, simple lifestyle and is deeply influenced by Indian culture and traditions. He is also popular on social media and uses it to connect with citizens.

Despite criticism on economic and social issues by his opponents, Narendra Modi continues to be a popular leader among the masses due to his nationalistic vision and strong administrative skills.

Narendra Modi's journey from a tea seller to the Prime Minister of the world's largest democracy is an inspiration to many. His life teaches us that hard work, dedication, and a clear vision can lead to great achievements.

Narendra Modi Essay – 1000 Words

Introduction

Narendra Modi, the current Prime Minister of India, is one of the most influential and popular political figures in the country's recent history. His journey from a small-town boy selling tea to leading the world's largest democracy is both remarkable and inspiring. Known for his strong leadership, bold reforms, and a vision for a self-reliant India, Narendra Modi has reshaped Indian politics in many ways.

Early Life and Background

Narendra Damodardas Modi was born on **17th September 1950** in **Vadnagar**, Gujarat, into a humble family. His father, Damodardas Modi, ran a tea stall, and young Narendra often helped him. Despite limited resources, Modi was determined and disciplined from a young age. He completed his education while also engaging in social work.

He joined the **Rashtriya Swayamsevak Sangh (RSS)**, a Hindu nationalist organization, during his youth, which shaped his ideological foundation. Later, he became a full-time worker for the **Bharatiya Janata Party (BJP)**.

Political Rise

Modi entered mainstream politics in the 1980s and rose through the ranks of the BJP due to his hard work and organizational skills. In **2001**, after a major earthquake in Gujarat, he was chosen as the **Chief Minister of Gujarat**.

During his tenure (2001–2014), Gujarat saw rapid industrial growth and infrastructure development. However, his image was also affected by the 2002 Gujarat riots, for which he faced criticism and legal scrutiny.

Despite controversies, Modi's governance model in Gujarat earned him national attention. In 2014, he was chosen as the BJP's Prime Ministerial candidate and led a historic election campaign.

Becoming Prime Minister

In **May 2014**, Narendra Modi became the **14th Prime Minister of India**, with a clear majority in the Lok Sabha—a feat not achieved in 30 years. He was re-elected in **2019** with an even larger mandate, proving his immense popularity and the trust people placed in him.

Major Policies and Reforms

Narendra Modi launched several transformative schemes:

- **Swachh Bharat Abhiyan** (Clean India Mission) aimed at improving sanitation and ending open defecation.
- **Digital India** aimed to increase internet access and digitize government services.
- **Make in India** encouraged manufacturing and foreign investment.
- **Ujjwala Yojana** provided free LPG connections to poor families.
- **Ayushman Bharat** is one of the world's largest health insurance schemes.
- **Startup India**, **Skill India**, and **Stand Up India** encouraged entrepreneurship.

He also introduced **demonetization** in 2016 to fight black money and corruption, and implemented the **Goods and Services Tax (GST)**, streamlining India's indirect tax system.

Bold Decisions

Modi is known for taking bold and sometimes controversial decisions:

- **Demonetization** in 2016 had mixed outcomes but was praised for attacking unaccounted wealth.
- **Abrogation of Article 370** in 2019 ended the special status of Jammu and Kashmir.
- The **Citizenship Amendment Act (CAA)**, though criticized by some, was part of his nationalistic agenda.

Foreign Policy and Global Image

Narendra Modi significantly improved India's global image. He has strengthened relations with major countries like the USA, Japan, and Russia. His visits to foreign nations have enhanced India's influence in international forums.

See also 10 Lines On Jagdish Chandra Bose

He has also promoted yoga and Indian culture globally, leading to the recognition of **International Yoga Day** by the United Nations.

Personal Life and Leadership Style

Modi is known for his discipline, simplicity, and hard work. He wakes up early, follows a strict schedule, and does not have a lavish lifestyle. He is unmarried and lives a life of dedication to public service.

Modi is a master communicator and uses social media platforms effectively to engage with citizens. His monthly radio show **"Mann Ki Baat"** has become very popular across the country.

Criticism and Challenges

While Modi enjoys great popularity, his tenure has not been without criticism. Issues like rising unemployment, inflation, farmers' protests, and concerns over democratic freedoms have drawn attention.

His critics accuse him of promoting a majoritarian agenda, while his supporters see him as a strong and visionary leader.

Conclusion

Narendra Modi's journey from a tea seller to the Prime Minister of India is truly inspirational. He has brought energy, vision, and determination to Indian politics.

Whether admired or criticized, his impact on India is undeniable. With a focus on development, nationalism, and governance, Narendra Modi continues to shape the nation's future.

10 Lines on Narendra Modi in Hindi (हिंदी में)

1. नरेंद्र मोदी भारत के वर्तमान प्रधानमंत्री हैं।
2. इनका जन्म 17 सितंबर 1950 को गुजरात के वडनगर में हुआ
3. वे एक साधारण परिवार से ताल्लुक रखते हैं।
4. मोदी पहले गुजरात के मुख्यमंत्री रह चुके हैं।
5. वे भारतीय जनता पार्टी (BJP) के नेता हैं।
6. उन्होंने स्वच्छ भारत अभियान शुरू किया।
7. डिजिटल इंडिया और मेक इन इंडिया उनकी प्रमुख योजनाएँ हैं।
8. उन्होंने देश में जीएसटी लागू किया।
9. वे एक प्रेरणादायक वक्ता और मजबूत नेता हैं।
10. उन्होंने भारत को विश्व स्तर पर एक नई पहचान दी है।

30 Lines About Narendra Modi (in English)

1. Narendra Modi is the **14th Prime Minister of India**.
2. He has been serving as PM since **May 2014**.
3. Modi was born on **17th September 1950** in **Vadnagar, Gujarat**.
4. He comes from a humble background and helped his father sell tea as a child.
5. His full name is **Narendra Damodardas Modi**.
6. Modi is a member of the **Bharatiya Janata Party (BJP)**.

7. He is also associated with the **Rashtriya Swayamsevak Sangh (RSS)**.
8. Before becoming PM, he served as the **Chief Minister of Gujarat** from 2001 to 2014.
9. Modi is known for his strong leadership and powerful speeches.
10. He launched the **Swachh Bharat Abhiyan**, a cleanliness mission.
11. **Digital India** is one of his most significant initiatives to modernize the country.
12. Modi started the **Make in India** campaign to promote manufacturing.
13. His government implemented the **Goods and Services Tax (GST)**.
14. Under his leadership, **Article 370** was revoked in Jammu and Kashmir.
15. He introduced the **Ayushman Bharat** scheme, providing free healthcare.
16. Modi also launched the **Ujjwala Yojana** to give free LPG connections to poor families.
17. He has played a vital role in improving India's image on the global stage.
18. Modi visited several countries to strengthen international relations.
19. He promotes yoga and declared **International Yoga Day** through the UN.
20. Modi has a strong social media presence and connects with people online.
21. His lifestyle is disciplined, and he wakes up early every day.
22. Modi lives a simple life and follows Indian traditions closely.
23. He does not have any children and has lived separately from his wife for decades.
24. His mother, **Heeraben Modi**, passed away in 2022 at the age of 99.
25. He is known for launching large-scale public schemes and reforms.
26. Modi won the **Time magazine's reader poll** for Person of the Year in 2016.
27. He was re-elected in 2019 with a stronger mandate than in 2014.
28. His government focuses on nationalism, development, and security.
29. Modi is considered one of the most influential leaders in Indian history.
30. He continues to work towards making India a self-reliant and powerful nation.

5 Lines About Narendra Modi in English

1. Narendra Modi is the Prime Minister of India since 2014.
2. He was born in Gujarat and comes from a modest background.
3. Modi is known for launching schemes like Swachh Bharat and Digital India.
4. He played a major role in India's global reputation.
5. His leadership has brought many changes in Indian governance.

Narendra Modi Salary (as of latest data)

- **Monthly Salary:** ₹2,00,000 (excluding allowances)
- **Total Monthly Package (including allowances):** Around ₹2.8 to ₹3 lakh
- **Annual Salary:** Approximately ₹24–30 lakh

(Note: PMs also receive housing, travel, and security benefits.)

Narendra Modi Age

- **Born on:** September 17, 1950

- **Age (as of 2025): 74 years old**

10 Lines on Prime Minister (General)

1. The Prime Minister is the head of the government in India.
2. He or she is elected by Members of Parliament.
3. The PM leads the executive branch of the country.
4. The Prime Minister represents the nation globally.
5. The PM runs cabinet meetings and makes important decisions.
6. The PM plays a key role in shaping domestic policies.
7. He/she can advise the President to dissolve the Lok Sabha.
8. The PM also coordinates with state governments.
9. The Prime Minister is responsible for national security and development.
10. India's current Prime Minister is Narendra Modi.

Narendra Modi Family

- **Father:** Late Damodardas Mulchand Modi
- **Mother:** Late Heeraben Modi (passed away in December 2022)
- **Wife:** Jashodaben Narendrabhai Modi (they have lived separately for decades)
- **Siblings:** Modi has five siblings; he is the third child.
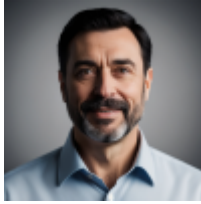
Wrap Up

Narendra Modi's journey is very inspiring. He went from selling tea to leading the world's largest democracy. His life shows that with hard work and strong will, anything is possible.

Many people support him because he talks directly to the public and connects with them. His radio show "Mann Ki Baat" is listened to by millions. He encourages people to be part of the country's progress. He often says, "Sabka Saath, Sabka Vikas," which means "Together with all, development for all."

Modi has taken tough steps like removing Article 370 in Jammu and Kashmir and introducing GST. Some people agree with his decisions. Some don't. But no one can ignore his impact on Indian politics.

He also works a lot. Reports say he sleeps only a few hours a day. He travels to many countries and meets world leaders. He talks about making India strong, self-reliant, and proud.

Narendra Modi's story is still being written. As India moves forward, he remains at the center of many important changes. His leadership, decisions, and vision will continue to shape the future of the country for years to come.

<u>Alberto Robino</u>

Alberto Robino is a passionate content creator who specializes in sharing concise, insightful, and engaging 10-line facts on a variety of topics. With a love for simplifying complex ideas, he enjoys providing quick, digestible information to help people learn fast.